

ORE HANDLERS' STRIKE.

An Outbreak Seriously Threatened at the Ashtabula Docks.

THE SHERIFF CALLS FOR TROOPS.

He Wants to Protect the Men Who Wish to Return to Work--The Adjutant General Refers the Matter to Governor Campbell, Who is Absent.

COLUMBUS, O., June 11.—The strike of the ore handlers at the ore docks at Ashtabula, which has been in progress for several days, is assuming an alarming aspect and serious trouble is feared. An increase of wages is demanded, but the strikers are not a unit and a large portion of them are desirous of returning to work at the scale offered by the employers. They are prevented from doing this, according to information received at the Adjutant General's office by 150 or 200 violent persons and agitators, as they are characterized by Col. John W. Gibbons, of the Fifth Regiment of Infantry. Some men attempted to work last Monday but they were driven from the docks. The companies made requisition on the mayor, who in turn called upon the sheriff of Ashtabula county for protection. The sheriff expresses the opinion that any posse he can raise in Ashtabula will be inadequate to cope with the strikers. It is believed a riot will follow an attempt to resume work, and the sheriff of Ashtabula county requested Colonel Gibbons, of the Fifth Regiment, whose headquarters are in Cleveland, to aid him with two hundred of the Ohio National Guard.

Col. Gibbons laid the facts as detailed above before Adjutant General Dill, and asked permission to order the General Rifles, a company of his regiment, to the scene of the threatened riot. General Dill declined to assume responsibility for such an order, in his reply calling attention to the section of the statutes, which makes the governor the sole authority to order the military on duty in a county other than the one in which the company is located. He explains that the sheriff of Ashtabula county must call upon the governor if not able to control the rioters with the forces in his own county, when action will be taken on the advisability of ordering out the troops.

Governor Campbell is at the commencement exercises at Baldwin College, in Berea, near Cleveland, and Col. Gibbons has been advised to confer with him at that point.

May be Trouble at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O., June 11.—It was thought last night that the ore handlers' strike had been settled, and that the men would resume work to-day at 11 cents a ton. At a meeting which adjourned late last night, however, it was decided to remain out for 12 cents. As a result of this decision the managers have determined to put new men to work to-morrow. The entire police force of the city has been ordered on duty in the morning and, if the strikers attempt to interfere with the new men, there will be serious trouble.

Governor Campbell, who was in the city to-night, said that he did not think it would be necessary to call out the militia. He was confident that the trouble at Ashtabula would be settled without the assistance of troops. However, if the military was necessary, he would issue a call for them.

CONNELLSVILLE ECHOS.

A Frik Superintendent Convicted of Forcing Men to Go to Work.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., June 11.—John A. Esser, superintendent of Frick's Leisenring No. 1 works, was convicted in court to-day for forcing men to go to work during the strike by threats and intimidation. This is the first victory of the strikers, and about offsets the conviction of John McSloy and Mike Dismen, the labor leader, for conspiracy and riot at Leisenring. President John B. Rae, of the United Mine Workers of America; Peter Wiser, District Master Workman; C. M. Parker, Secretary, and other leaders, were on trial to-day for conspiracy and rioting at Rainey's, Pa. works, at the beginning of the coke strike. The case was given to the jury at noon to-day, but no verdict has been reached to-night. The operators are making special efforts to convict the leaders of the late strike.

Pennsylvania Railroad Men Discharged.

ALLIANCE, O., June 11.—Twenty employees of the Pennsylvania railroad were discharged from the round house to-day. This is the result of changes, making the run from Conroy to Crestline without changing crews. A year ago the round house pay roll contained the names of one hundred men, which has been reduced forty per cent. No further reductions are anticipated.

Typographical Union.

Boston, June 11.—In the International Typographical Union convention to-day, W. B. Prescott, of Toronto, was elected President on the second ballot, his opponents being Marion Johnson, of Fort Worth, Texas, and S. L. Freeman, of Birmingham, Ala.

Architectural Iron Workers.

CHICAGO, June 11.—The Architectural Iron Workers' Union if their demands are not complied with, will strike Monday. The demands are eight hours, 30 cents an hour for mechanics and 20 cents for helpers.

Brakes Wouldn't Work.

MARQUETTE, Mich., June 11.—The brakes failed to work on a South Shore train going down L'Anse hill this morning. The train plunged down the long steep grade, jumped the track in front of the station and smashed the station into kindling wood. Engineer Harrington will probably die. Twelve cars were demolished.

Won't Mind the Synod.

Pittsburgh, Pa., June 11.—Rev. O. B. Milligan, pastor of the East End Reformed Presbyterian Church and one of the young ministers expelled from the church by the Synod yesterday, has decided to hold his church on next Sun-

day with 150 followers. He will occupy his old pulpit and he proposes to continue as pastor of the church. The opposition to Rev. Mr. Milligan is not very strong and it is not likely that there will be any trouble.

PHIL ARMOUR

Is Sorry for the English Stock Yard Investors, But He Will Go Ahead.

CARLEBAD, June 11.—Mr. P. D. Armour, of Chicago, is here at present with his invalid wife. Mr. Armour said ground had been broken at Toleson, Ind., for the new stock yards. "We have 4,000 acres of land there," he said, "where we propose to establish packing houses and stock yards. We propose to issue \$10,000,000 of stock which we will divide among the packers and dealers who follow us to our new quarters."

"You see, the old stock yards, which cost originally about one million dollars, were sold some months ago to an English syndicate for twenty-five millions. I am not worrying about the English investors. I feel sorry for them, but I must look out for my own interests and the interests of the community first. The other packers must follow us to our new location."

"I have no doubt," said Mr. Armour, "that as soon as the German Government is convinced of the proper examination in America it will allow the importation of our pork. Of that examination we can now give full proof. We have too many close social and business relations with Germany to keep up a commercial war. When once the Government is satisfied of our perfect good faith the whole question will be settled."

OHIO PROHIBITIONISTS.

An Emblem Adopted and a Platform—An Income Tax for Pensions.

SPRINGFIELD, O., June 11.—The prohibition convention was called to order at 9:30 this morning. The committee on credentials report 363 delegates present. Temporary chairman G. P. Macklin, of Greenfield, was made permanent chairman. The matter of a device for the head of the ticket was referred to a committee which reported a white rose with a sprig of leaves as the party emblem, which was unanimously adopted. The platform denounces the liquor traffic in usual terms, demands revision of immigration and naturalization laws to prevent aliens from voting until one year after naturalization, declares for woman's suffrage, denounces dealings in margins, recommends pensions to soldiers and sailors, their widows and orphans, grades according to time of service, declares taxes should be assessed on the goods from such countries as tax American products. Pensions of the United States government should be paid by income tax, all official fees should be covered into public treasury and all the officials be paid salaries.

BARDSEY'S CASE.

Already Pleads Guilty to Enough to Lock Him Up for Half a Century.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.—In court to-day Assistant District Attorney Kinsey called the attention of the jury to a bill of indictment charging ex-City Treasurer Bardsey with embezzlement of \$30,000, and said: "In view of the fact that Mr. Bardsey has pleaded guilty upon sixteen bills of indictment upon which the maximum punishment of fifty or sixty years could be imposed, longer than any punishment the court may inflict, it would be useless to take up the time of the court in trying the remaining indictments against him. The charge relates to the transfer of \$30,000 from deposits of contracts money to the cash drawer in the city treasury, and there being some dispute as to the question involved in this charge, I propose to submit this bill without evidence and dispose of it." The bill was handed to the jury and a verdict of not guilty rendered.

The Elliott Murder Trial.

COLUMBUS, O., June 11.—The testimony in the Elliott trial showing that the defendant and his brother fired the first three shots on the day of the Osborne murder, is accumulating. The whole trend so far is in that direction, and a large number of witnesses are yet to be examined on this point. The defense this forenoon issued subpoenas for about 100 witnesses, among whom are ex-Governors Foraker and Bishop, of Cincinnati, Major William McKinley, ex-Lieutenant Governor Warwick, Judge Nash and others prominent in the political and social world.

A Cloud Bursts Over Dayton.

DAYTON, O., June 11.—A cloud burst over this city came at 2 p. m. Many parts of the city were flooded. One tenement house on Conover street was blown down, but no casualties are reported. The Miami and Erie canal bank broke two miles south of town, and is now flooding the garden lands along the river.

Well Known Man Dead.

MONONGAHELA CITY, Pa., June 11.—Captain Hudson Williams, a leading citizen of this place, died here to-day of heart failure, age about 60 years.

CONDENSED NEWS.

The royal assent has been given to the seal fisheries bill.

Repeated and severe earthquake shocks were felt at Verona yesterday.

The Chileans refuse the American ministers' overtures to agree to an amnesty.

Senator Stewart says the next Congress can pass the free coinage bill over the President's veto.

The New York University elected Dr. Henry M. MacCracken chancellor, to succeed Dr. John Hall.

Sir John Macdonald's remains were followed to the grave yesterday by an immense procession. The ceremonies were imposing.

The Commercial Travelers have organized the World's Fair Association of Commercial Travelers and will hold a congress in Chicago in '92.

Expected withdrawals of English gold to Russia cause uneasiness, and the discount rate was not changed yesterday by the Bank of England.

The famous crater of the Solfatara, of Pozzuoli, near Naples, is showing signs of renewed activity. The volcano was active long before Vesuvius was, but for ages has been nearly extinct.

JUDGE CAMDEN'S WILL.

Determined Fight for the Dead Man's Wealth.

A GREAT BIG BLANK SURPRISE.

Empty is the Envelope, Something's Gone—Or Was It a Joke?—And Another Important Question Is, Did the Old Gentleman Spell "Care" "Cair"?—More in Store.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA., June 11.—In the Camden will case, yesterday, counsel for the administrators produced three witnesses who, they supposed, would swear positively to the genuineness of the paper, but upon cross-examination two of them qualified their evidence by saying "They thought it was in Camden's writing," and a third "Hadm't seen it written and wouldn't swear to any writing he hadn't seen written." The fourth witness was one J. Y. Horner, half-brother to the widow, who swore with great confidence that the will was unquestionably in Judge Camden's handwriting, every word, letter and line. He proved it by the way Camden made certain letters and wrote certain words. Upon cross-examination papers were shown him wherein Judge Camden had written the letters in an entirely different way. He would not be convinced, but "thought there was some mistake."

ONLY A LITTLE WORD.

The word "care" is a stumbling block in the case. In the will it is spelled "cair" and counsel for the administrators produced two letters from Camden in which it was spelled that way. Upon close examination the word in the letters seems to have been doctored and counsel for contestants make that claim.

To-day the contestants offered in evidence a will dated 1887. The court refused to receive it. Counsel took exceptions and the court adjourned to allow counsel to prepare a bill of exceptions. This will denies that there was an ante-nuptial contract for \$100,000, and says there was simply an ante-nuptial agreement that each party should keep his or her own property. Notwithstanding this clause, it gives the widow one-eighth of the entire estate and divides the remainder equitably among his children.

A JOKE OR A SCHEME.

Some years since Judge Camden entrusted a sealed envelope to Dr. Carr, a venerable physician here, with directions to hold it till after his death, giving him the impression that it was an important matter. It was arranged to open this envelope in court to-day, and a sensation was expected. When opened, it was found to contain simply a piece of blank paper. The contestants claim to-night that the envelope originally contained a will, and state that the same person whom they charge with forging the present will substituted the blank sheet for it. The case will be resumed to-morrow.

LIGHTNING'S FREAKS.

Office at Tunnelton Struck and the Operator Knocked Senseless—A Critical Time.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

KINGWOOD, W. VA., June 11.—Last night before dark a bolt of lightning struck the wires near the telegraph office at Tunnelton. It caused a report as loud as a rifle, which startled everyone within hearing distance. Immediately the electricity was communicated to the office wires, instruments and switch board. W. E. Maloney, the day operator, was so stunned by the shock that he fell to the floor unconscious and was for a while thought to be dead. The wires were burned off and the instruments damaged so badly as to be rendered useless. The switch board was burned out and a table set on fire. Several trains were due and it was necessary to hold them for some time until communication with the west end of the tunnel was effected. It was midnight before the chief operator had repaired the damage. Fortunately no accident to the trains occurred.

CONTRACT JUMPER REILLY

Bounced by the Columbus Elks—He Wasn't Allowed to Jump Back.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

COLUMBUS, June 11.—Charles Reilly, the third baseman who jumped his contract with the Columbus club and is now playing with Pittsburgh, was expelled from the Columbus lodge of the Elks last night. This action has been contemplated for some time, and for the past week an investigating committee has been at work and a report favoring unconditional expulsion was returned at last night's meeting.

When Reilly was notified that an investigating committee had been appointed he telegraphed to Mayor Karb, who is an Elk, stating that he would return to Columbus to play rather than be expelled, but the matter had gone too far to be reconsidered. Lazarus and Born of the Columbus base ball company are members of the Elks and are prominent and influential in the local lodge. It is through their instrumentality that Reilly was expelled.

Constitutionality of the Recent Mining Laws.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., June 11.—A special grand jury was empaneled to-day and three indictments were returned against the Peel Splint Coal Co., of Lewistown, for violation of the new mining laws. Trial is set for Saturday. The intention is to have the matter disposed of as speedily as possible, after which appeal will be taken to the Supreme Court and the question of the constitutionality of the law settled. Meantime the men are working on as usual.

Steamship Arrivals.

BREMENHAVEN, June 11.—Arrived, Lahn, from New York.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 11.—Arrived, Indiana, Liverpool.

New York, June 11.—Arrived, Trave, Bremen; Ocean, Amsterdam.

STATE MEDICAL SOCIETY.

Nineteen New Members—Interesting Papers Read—An Excursion.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

FAIRMONT, W. Va., June 11.—The second day of the West Virginia Medical Society's meeting was very interesting. The very first business was the electing of nineteen new members. There are more applicants who will be acted upon to-morrow. A paper was read by Dr. G. A. Ashman, of Wheeling, on etiology and treatment of acute cataract. The report of the committee on necrology was read. Dr. J. J. Richardson, of Parkersburg, read a paper on asthma, which was discussed by Drs. Ashman and Mayer. Dr. C. Shreiber read an interesting paper on "Oddities in Practice," and it was discussed by Dr. Mayer and others.

The report on new members was read by Dr. Hood, of Weston. A paper was read by Dr. Hogue, of Charleston, on "Causes of Disease." A paper on "Diphtheria by E. A. Freible, of Poca, was read by its title and referred to the Publication Committee.

Dr. D. Mayer, the secretary of the society, is the busiest man in the society. He is a hard worker and is the life of the meeting.

A FREE-FOR-ALL PICNIC.

The society adjourned at noon to attend the excursion to "Gypsy Grove," on the Monongahela River road, and to-night a splendid banquet was served at the Continental hotel for the visiting doctors.

Many were disposed to criticize the Monongahela River railroad managers for the manner in which they treated them to-day in the excursion matter. They had been given to understand that they would be the guests of Senator Camden, in whose name the invitations were issued. They naturally supposed that the excursion was to be given exclusively to them and such invited citizens of Fairmont as the committee desired. They were astonished, therefore, to find the railroad officers had turned the occasion into a money-making scheme. The cars and park were thrown open to everybody who desired to go, and the excursion was extensively advertised by posters. The consequence was that a promiscuous crowd that filled two large trains took advantage of the cheap rates, and the doctors were utterly lost in the shuffle.

A TOUGH CROWD.

Beer and whisky were on the train, and instead of the select excursion for Senator Camden's guests, it was a public picnic for everybody and with the usual accompaniments. This total disregard of the proprieties of the occasion has incensed some doctors, who are likely to vent their feelings to-morrow. None of them believe that Senator Camden has any knowledge that his hospitable intentions were misunderstood by the officials, as he was not able to be present.

HONOLULU'S BIG FIRE.

About \$300,000 Damages, Chiefly the Loss of the Standard Oil Company.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., June 11.—The steamer Mariposa, which arrived to-day, brings full particulars of the Government warehouse fire at Honolulu on June 2. Several workmen had been soldering leaking kerosene tins at a shed a short distance from the warehouse, which was used solely for the storage of oils. The fire originated from the flames in the soldering furnace, and the firemen were unable to get water from the plugs, and the explosion of a number of drums of gasoline, of which there were several hundred in the warehouse, drove them to a distance. The fact that the warehouse was constructed of brick and iron, with but little wood-work, and that there was scarcely any wind, saved that portion of the town from destruction and a greater part of the oil, of which there were thirty-five thousand cases of a total value, at Honolulu retail prices, of three hundred thousand dollars. It was owned by the Standard Oil Company. The rest were divided among several holders. There was also about two thousand gallons of gasoline in the warehouse, part of which was saved. The insurance is small.

New Brunswick's Forest Fires.

St. JOHN, N. B., June 11.—Instead of an abatement in the forest fires, which are devastating the northern section of the Province, the efforts of the settlers to stay the march of the flames seem to be fruitless. It looks now unless rain should come at once as if the fire would only cease after having consumed all the combustible material within reach. Houses, outhouses and forests have been swept out of sight, leaving a path of ruin. Over 100 miles of country has been desolated and among the poor settlers it is a case of ruin.

\$50,000 Fire in Haverhill.

HAVERHILL, MASS., June 11.—At midnight fire was discovered in the lumber yard of Chase & Co., and was quickly communicated to an adjoining building owned by Page & Proctor, the tenement block of A. Curry & Sons, and some cars of the Boston & Maine railroad. The total loss is about \$50,000; about half covered by insurance. The fire was incendiary.

Lightning Did It.

NEWARK, OHIO, June 11.—Fire destroyed a barn on the farm of Gen. Graff, four miles northwest of town last night. Loss \$2,000; partial insurance. The fire is supposed to be incendiary.

A large barn belonging to Walter L. Thomson, of Granville township, was struck by lightning and burned together with all the contents. Several valuable horses perished in the flames. Loss \$3,000, with a partial insurance.

FRANKLIN, Pa., June 11.—At four o'clock this afternoon, lightning struck the 35,000 barrel tank at the Bullion pump station of the United Lines. The tank contained about 1,000 barrels of oil which was destroyed. The fire is still burning and assistance has been sent down to prevent its spreading to other property.

Welcome Sir William and Bony Bridge.

LONDON, June 11.—The municipal authorities of Forres, in the vicinity of Sir William Gordon-Cummings seat, in Altyre, have decided to extend a festive welcome to Sir William on Saturday on the occasion of his return home with his bride.

RUSSIA'S JEW-BAITING.

Banker Goldberger Tells His Own Striking Story.

EVERY POLICEMAN A BLACKMAILER.

Touching Picture of the Condition of the Expatriated Israelites—Nothing Saves Them From the Czar's Indescribable Ferocity—Persecutions Almost Incredible in the Nineteenth Century.

BERLIN, June 11.—P. R. Goldberger, the well known Jewish financier, and consul general for Belgium, was recently expelled from Russia, where he had intended establishing a branch of his bank. Herr Goldberger says he went to Moscow in the interest of the banking house with which he is connected. At St. Petersburg M. Vischnigradsky, the Russian minister of finance, called upon Herr Goldberger, and they subsequently dined together. Other persons of high standing showed the Berlin banker special attention. But this did not prevent the police of St. Petersburg from affixing a white slip to his pass upon which slip were inscribed the words: "The Jew Goldberger is here on toleration and under police supervision."

When he reached Moscow the "Pristaw" called upon him at the hotel and told him he must leave at once. The banker refused to pay blackmail and left at once. He did not care to establish any bank in such a country where each policeman had the power of levying blackmail. He described the awful scenes of expulsion which he had witnessed at Moscow during his brief stay, the moaning and weeping of the exiled Jews. Social standing, high position, he said, were of no avail.

While Herr Goldberger called upon the widow of His Excellency Von Polieskoff, the great Russian railway builder, her Jewish nurse, who had been with her for twenty years, was taken out of the house by the police and sent into exile and misery.

Consul-General Goldberger says that none of the acts so far published about the persecution of the Jews tell the whole story. The misery and persecutions, he says, are simply indescribable.

"Nobody knows whose turn is to come next, and no one cares to risk his money or work under the present state of barbaric rage against everything foreign, or non-orthodox, and the consequence will be that Russia with all her immense agricultural and mineral resources will sooner or later be forced into a condition of absolute bankruptcy."

BACCARAT AND THE MONARCHY.

The British Press Continues to Talk Out in Meeting—What Happened in Austria.

LONDON, June 11.—The outspoken newspaper press comments upon the part the Prince of Wales played in the baccarat scandal continue to be the sensation of the day in England and elsewhere.

A newspaper reporter who was present near the Prince of Wales at Ascot to-day when the race for the gold cup was won by Lord Harrington's Morion, telegraphs that the Prince of Wales, who witnessed that event, was in a very sulky frame of mind, caused, it would appear, by the storm of adverse newspaper criticism which has swept and is still sweeping over the heir apparent.

The religious press, as might be expected, is the most severe in its comments on the Prince of Wales conduct. The Christian World, an influential, independent religious weekly paper, says: "The throne rests on the foundation of public opinion only. A few more such scandals like Tranby Croft would destroy this foundation and Edward VIII would never be crowned." The British Weekly remarks: "The revelations are enough to sober up the strongest supporters of the monarchy." The correspondent of the Times at Vienna says the baccarat scandal has caused a sensation in army circles on the continent, especially in countries where the Prince of Wales is honorary colonel of several regiments. This correspondent also calls attention to the fact that an Austrian general, who was found to have condoned in a similar manner to that adopted by the Prince of Wales acts of cheating upon the part of one of his subordinate officers, was compelled to resign from the army in order to avoid being tried by court martial.

LONDON'S BUS STRIKE.

The Men Who Have Remained Loyal No Longer Needed.

LONDON, June 11.—The strike of the employees of the omnibus and Road Car Companies of this city continues to-day. There is apparently no change in the situation. The Road Car Company has announced that as its busses are not running it cannot afford to continue the payment of wages to the men who have remained loyal to the company. The latter consequently must now suffer in company with the strikers, while it is possible in addition that the latter will refuse to allow the "loyalists" any share of the money which agents of the strikers have been collecting in the pub-theroughfares in order to enable the men to hold out against the companies. The Road Car Company declares that, if it conceded the demands of its employees for higher wages, it would be obliged to stop running its busses.

Frightful Hurricane in Galicia.

BUDA PEST, June 11.—A terrific hurricane, causing much damage, has swept over eastern Galicia. During the storm an entire forest was partly uprooted and the towns of Podkamin and Prikwa suffered considerably. Several churches were unroofed and a number of houses razed to the ground. Several people were killed on right and numbers were injured by falling debris.

Eastern and Western Catholics.

Rome, June 11.—The Pope has just requested several competent men to furnish him with detailed memoranda for an encyclical letter which he proposes issuing in favor of a reunion of the Eastern and Western church. The Vatican has been under the belief that European diplomacy would favor the maintenance of the status quo, and

therefore give every opposition to the desired rapprochement. The Pope intends to give instructions to the representative men of the Latin church in the East to mollify their attitude towards the rival church, and to strictly avoid any actions of an intemperate nature, in order that a more friendly spirit may be generated between the two churches.

A RACKET IN THE DIET.

Complimentary Reference to Bismarck that Will not Please William.

BERLIN, June 11.—In the lower house of the Diet to-day Herr Ricket made a motion to the effect that the Government should submit to the house the material upon which Chancellor Von Caprivi based his recent speech on the grain duties. The Chancellor opposed this motion, and Herr Ricket made a most sensational speech, during which he said that it would be found "necessary to recall the man who alone was able to direct the Government." He added: "The Hamburger Nachrichten will soon send a trumpet blast throughout the land." Herr Ricket charged the government with endeavoring to "silence those who were defending the interests of millions against the minority. He also said that he discredited the government report about grain. Potatoes had already replaced bread as the food of the people, and they (potatoes) were also placed at an exorbitant price. His party would not rest until the duties on grain were abolished.

Labor Riot in Bremen.

BREMEN, June 11.—Serious rioting occurred here to-day upon the part of the firemen of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, who are on strike at this place. The rioters were eventually attacked by the police with drawn swords and a desperate struggle took place between the strikers and the police. Finally the fire brigade was summoned to the assistance of the police, and thus reinforced the officers of the law managed to restore order. During the battle between the steamship firemen and the authorities a number of the former were severely injured by the swords of the police. Several arrests were made.

African Revolt Against the Portuguese.

LONDON, June 11.—Dispatches received from Mozambique announce that a feeling of great excitement prevails there, owing to the fact that Chief Gouveia, with 4,000 followers, has revolted against Portuguese authority in favor of a British protectorate. Chief Gouveia rules over the territory between the Zambesi and Pungwe rivers. The Portuguese authorities are hastily dispatching troops to quell the revolt.

May Jews Settle in Palestine.

LONDON, June 11.—In reply to a Jewish petition Lord Salisbury promises to consult the Turkish ambassador to ascertain whether British influence would induce the Sultan to consent to Jews settling in Palestine.

De Lesseps in Trouble.

PARIS, June 11.—Le National says to-day that M. De Lesseps will be prosecuted for misleading investors who subscribed money for carrying on the work of the Panama Canal Company.

Gold Way Up in Argentina.

Buenos Ayres, June 11.—Gold closed yesterday at 301 per cent premium. The Senate yesterday passed a bill suspending gold payments for the period of six months.

Londonderry and His Tenants.

DUBLIN, June 11.—The Marquis of Londonderry has offered his tenants the option of acquiring their holdings upon reasonable terms.

Distinguished Italian Priest Dead.

ROME, June 11.—Rev. Father Curci, the distinguished Italian ecclesiastic, is dead.

More Fighting in Chile.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11.—The Chilean legation to-day received a telegram from Chile saying that the naval vessels of the government had pursued the insurgents in Tarapaca. The Condell, the Lynch and the Imperial have bombarded Pisagua and Iquique without managing to bring out the insurgent ships, which hide amongst the foreign vessels so as not to be destroyed by the torpedoes. The insurgent vessels are in a very bad condition, the telegrams say, and all the veteran sailors have deserted and offered their services to the constitutional government.

The Robert and Minnie Sails Away.

SAN PEDRO, CAL., June 11.—The Robert and Minnie were released under thirty-five hundred dollars bonds and sailed for Eureka, Cal., to-day. Captain O'Farrell is under \$5,000 bonds. The original crew is still held in the county jail at Los Angeles, unable to get the required bonds. A new crew was shipped from here.

Chilean Rebels Ask Recognition.

LONDON, June 11.—A lengthy circular note addressed to the European powers by the Chilean Provisional Junta, or Government, representing the insurgent party of Chile, was published in England and on the continent to-day. In this note the Chilean Junta appeals to the powers to recognize the insurgents as belligerents.

Prominent Physician Paralyzed.

MASSILLON, O., June 11.—Dr. A. W. Ridenour, aged forty-eight, a leading physician, resident surgeon of the Ft. Wayne and Wheeling & Lake Erie roads, and member of the pension examining board, was struck with paralysis last night. His entire right side is affected. He is deprived of the power of speech and his death is momentarily expected.

Secretary Foster in No Hurry.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Secretary Foster says no action will be taken in regard to